### APPENDIX G

### DRAINAGE MASTER PLAN

# **Drainage Master Plan**

STONE BEETLAND SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

NOVEMBER 2021



CIVIL ENGINEERS • SURVEYORS • PLANNERS

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#### I. BACKGROUND

The Stone Beetland property ("Project") is located directly east of the Delta Shores master planned community. The Project is approximately 140 acres and is bound by Cosumnes River Boulevard to the south, Delta Shores and the future 24<sup>th</sup> Street extension to the west, US Government Job Corps property and the Detroit Boulevard Neighborhood to the north and the Sacramento Regional Transit Blue Line light rail line and station, and Morrison Creek to the east. See Figure 1 depicting the Project Location. The proposed Project includes the development of a mixed-use community with a range of residential densities that transition from singular housing types as the surrounding communities to higher densities surrounding the Light Rail station, promoting transit-oriented development. The current land uses within the Project include approximately 1,160 residential units, 6 acres of commercial uses and 28 acres of trails, open space and integrated drainage facilities. See Figure 2 depicting the proposed Project Land Use Plan.

The proposed Project was considered as a future development site within the Delta Shores Drainage Master Plan, dated August 2013. Accordingly, the infrastructure downstream of the Project and within the Sump 89 Watershed has been planned to provide capacity for the Project. Additionally, the existing storm drain pipelines and culverts crossing existing Cosumnes River Boulevard have been planned and constructed to convey the stormwater runoff from the Project site.

#### II. EXISTING CONDITIONS

The Project site existing conditions consist of undeveloped agricultural lands. The existing drainage pattern of the Project site is gently sloped from the north and west to the lower lying southeast corner. The existing ground elevations of the Project site range from elevation 12' to 13' along the northern boundary to elevation 5' in the southwest corner. The existing stormwater runoff within the site is conveyed by surface flows to small ditches that convey runoff to the southwest, where existing culverts convey runoff across Cosumnes River Blvd and to the downstream Sump 89 facilities and outfall to Morrison Creek.

The majority of the Project site is within FEMA Zone X (areas of outside of the 100-year floodplain) per FEMA's FIRM Panel 06067C0305H, dated August 16, 2012. The southeastern corner of portions of the Project site is within FEMA Zone AE (areas subject to the 100-year

floodplain). The portion of the Project within FEMA Zone X is protected from flood inundation by the certified levee along the west bank of Morrison Creek.

#### III. EXISTING STORM DRAIN FACILITIES

There are two existing storm drain pipelines that bisect the Project site. These pipelines convey runoff from the US Govt Job Corps property and Detroit Boulevard Neighborhood through the Project Site and to the downstream facilities. The existing storm drain pipeline bisecting the center of the Project was referred to as the "Z Line" in the 2013 Delta Shores Drainage Master Plan. The Z Line conveys runoff from the undeveloped US Govt Job Corps property and it ranges from 24" to 30" in diameter. The existing storm drain pipeline bisecting the eastern portions of the Project was referred to as the "Y Line" in the 2013 Master Plan. The Y Line conveys runoff from the Detroit Boulevard Neighborhood and it ranges from 27" – 42" in diameter.

There is also an existing drainage basin that treats and detains the runoff from the Light Rail station parking lot. This facility discharges into a ditch that then is collected and conveyed by a 42" culvert crossing Cosumnes River Blvd.

All of the existing storm drain facilities discussed above extend southerly and convey stormwater across the existing Cosumnes River Blvd. These pipelines then converge into larger diameter pipelines, ranging from 54" to 78" in diameter, which then connect to the existing Sump 89 discharge to Morrison Creek. The existing storm drain facilities within and downstream of the Project site are reflected on Figure 3.

#### IV. STORMWATER MODELING METHODOLOGY

Stormwater modeling has been conducted utilizing the xpStorm platform, starting with the regional modeling runs provided by the City of Sacramento (file name "Ult-10-16-13-100-yr"). This corresponds to the approved 2013 Delta Shores Drainage Master Plan. The design criteria established for the Stone Beetland drainage system is to provide storm drain infrastructure that does not increase the hydraulic grade line elevations downstream or upstream of the Project site for the 100-year design storm.

The stormwater model has maintained the same parameterization as that in the approved 2013 Delta Shores Drainage Master Plan. The only updates incorporated include the hydrologic inputs that more accurately represent the proposed drainage areas within the Project site and the hydraulic inputs that more accurately reflect the proposed pipeline relocations and basin locations within the Project site. The model assumed consistent slope, analogous width parameters and identical infiltration parameters as included in the approved original model. Also, the 100-year, 24-hour design storm, with a total rainfall of 4.28 inches, was utilized for the updated stormwater model.

#### V. PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREAS

The 2013 Delta Shores Drainage Master Plan represented the area encompassed by the proposed Project in five distinct sub-watersheds with a combined total area of 135.7 acres. All five of these sub-watersheds were routed to a single stormwater basin designated "BodDB". This aggregate area included the full Stone Beetland site plus the intervening properties (Light Rail and Regional Sanitation) to the east as far as the Morrison Creek levee.

For the purposes of preliminary drainage planning, the Project site was also divided into five drainage management areas (DMAs), with two additional off-site DMAs encompassing the remainder of the previous "Boswell" area. These DMAs are shown on the attached Figure 4 – Hydrology Workmap along with the pre-project storm drain system immediately downstream and upstream of the site. The calculated aggregate drainage area of 137.9 acres compares well with the value in the 2013 Delta Shores Drainage Master Plan.

The stormwater planning is to route the four eastern DMAs to a single stormwater basin as referred to herein as the East Basin. The West DMA will be routed separately to a single stormwater basin identified as the West Basin. The characteristics of the stormwater basins are discussed in the following section.

Hydrologic properties used in the updated modeling are summarized in Table 1 for the on-site DMAs and Table 2 for the off-site DMAs.

DMA	Area (acres)	Impervious (%)	Width (feet)	Connection Node	
East	25.4	90	2,400	SE-50	
North	22.1	70	2,200	SE-54	
East Central	13.0	65	1,600	SE-60	
West Central	15.7	60	1,800	SE-70	
East Basin Subtotal	76.2	74			
West	32.6	50	2,600	SW-50	
West Basin Subtotal	32.6	50			
Project Total	108.8	67			

Table 1 – Hydrologic Parameters for On-Site DMA's

Table 2 – Hydrologic Parameters for the Off-Site DMAs

DMA	Area (acres)	Impervious (%)	Width (feet)	Connection Node
Light Rail	9.3	45	1,400	LR-B
Reg San	19.8	9.8 5 2,000		RS-40
Off-Site Subtotal	29.1	18		
Project	108.8	67		
Study Area Total	137.9	57		

#### VI. PROJECT STORMWATER BASINS

As noted previously, Project plans currently call for two multi-function stormwater basins to provide runoff water-quality treatment and peak flow attenuation (detention). With respect to water-quality treatment, these facilities will be combination extended detention basins that have been sized using the design guidance in the Stormwater Quality Design Manual for the Sacramento Region (July 2018).

The East Basin will receive runoff from the four eastern Project DMAs as well as all runoff from the existing Detroit Avenue neighborhood and will have a total water quality treatment volume of 8.03 acre-feet and additional detention storage volume of 31.85 acre-feet (including freeboard to top of bank).

The West basin will receive runoff from the West DMA and was sized with a water quality treatment volume of 1.22 acre-feet and additional detention storage volume of 17.91 acre-feet.

Parameters used for sizing these basins are summarized in Table 3.

Watershed	Area (acres)	Impervious (%)	East Basin		
On-Site	76.2	74	Unit Storage	0.365 inches	
Detroit Avenue	135	39	Water Quality Volume	8.03 ac-ft	
East Basin Subtotal	211.2	52	Permanent Pool Volume	4.02 ac-ft	
On-Site	32.6	50	Unit Storage	0.360 inches	
West Basin Subtotal	32.6	50	Water Quality Volume	1.22 ac-ft	

**Permanent Pool Volume** 

Table 3 – Stormwater Basin Sizing Parameters

The West Basin is considerably larger than the East Basin on a unit drainage area basis. This difference is solely attributable to the required detention storage and not the water quality treatment volume. This reflect the fact that the 2013 Master Drainage Plan had all runoff from the Project area routed to the Y Line pipe infrastructure. However, the current Project plans propose to connect outflow from the West Basin to the Z Line pipe system, which conveys runoff from the large, undeveloped U.S. Govt Job Corps property to the north. This adds a considerable additional load on that system and requires "over detention" to avoid having any increase in HGL values along the Z Line system south of Cosumnes River Boulevard.

Runoff from the Light Rail DMA is currently routed to a stormwater basin on that property. This facility is proposed to be relocated further to the south to allow for additional development areas adjacent to the Light Rail station. The size and function of this basin will be replaced to the south. This will remain unchanged. Lastly, the Reg San DMA is presently routed to a ditch system that crosses under Consumnes River Boulevard and south from there. The east basin and Light Rail basin will be located within this Reg San DMA, but the flow routing of the ditch system will remain as under pre-project conditions. See Figure 5 depicting these facilities.

0.61 ac-ft

#### VII. SUMMARY OF HYDRAULIC MODELING

The Project parameters were loaded into the updated version of the hydrologic / hydraulic model and iterative model runs were carried out to identify the appropriate outlet configurations for the two stormwater basins and required pipe diameters that would fully contain runoff from the 100year design storm without an overtopping. The latter criterion of no overtopping is not strictly a requirement as overland release for the 100-year event is allowed with proper design. However, this modeling approach is conservative and the only practical approach for this stage of the Project. Additionally, full containment of the 100-year event essentially assures that the runoff from the 10-year design storm can be accommodated with the required system freeboard. Modeled pipe sizes may well be reduced through the final design.

The resulting alignment and sizing of the proposed backbone pipe system and immediately adjacent existing infrastructure are depicted on the Figure 4 – Hydrology Workmap. Table 4 summarizes the pre- and post- project hydraulic modeling results in terms of modeled HGL as pertinent downstream and upstream existing system nodes.

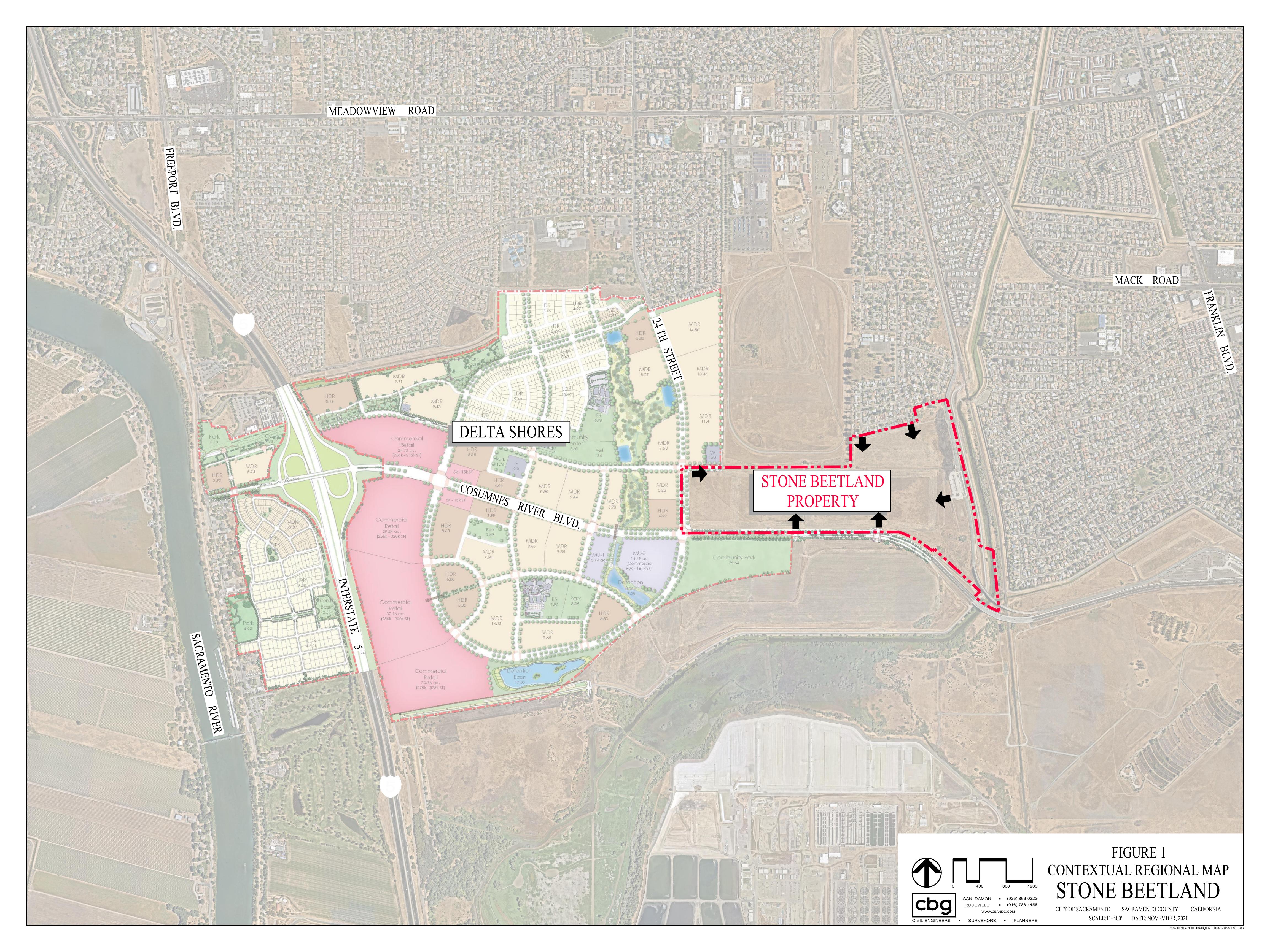
Model Node	Pre-Project	100-ye HGL (feet) Post-Project	Difference
xPS	0.70	0.67	-0.03
X2 Jct Box	1.31	1.25	-0.06
Y2	1.99	1.88	-0.11
Y8	4.01	3.75	-0.26
Y10	5.19	4.75	-0.43
Y14	9.58	8.90	-0.68
Z2	5.61	5.61	-0.01
Z6	11.37	10.62	-0.75

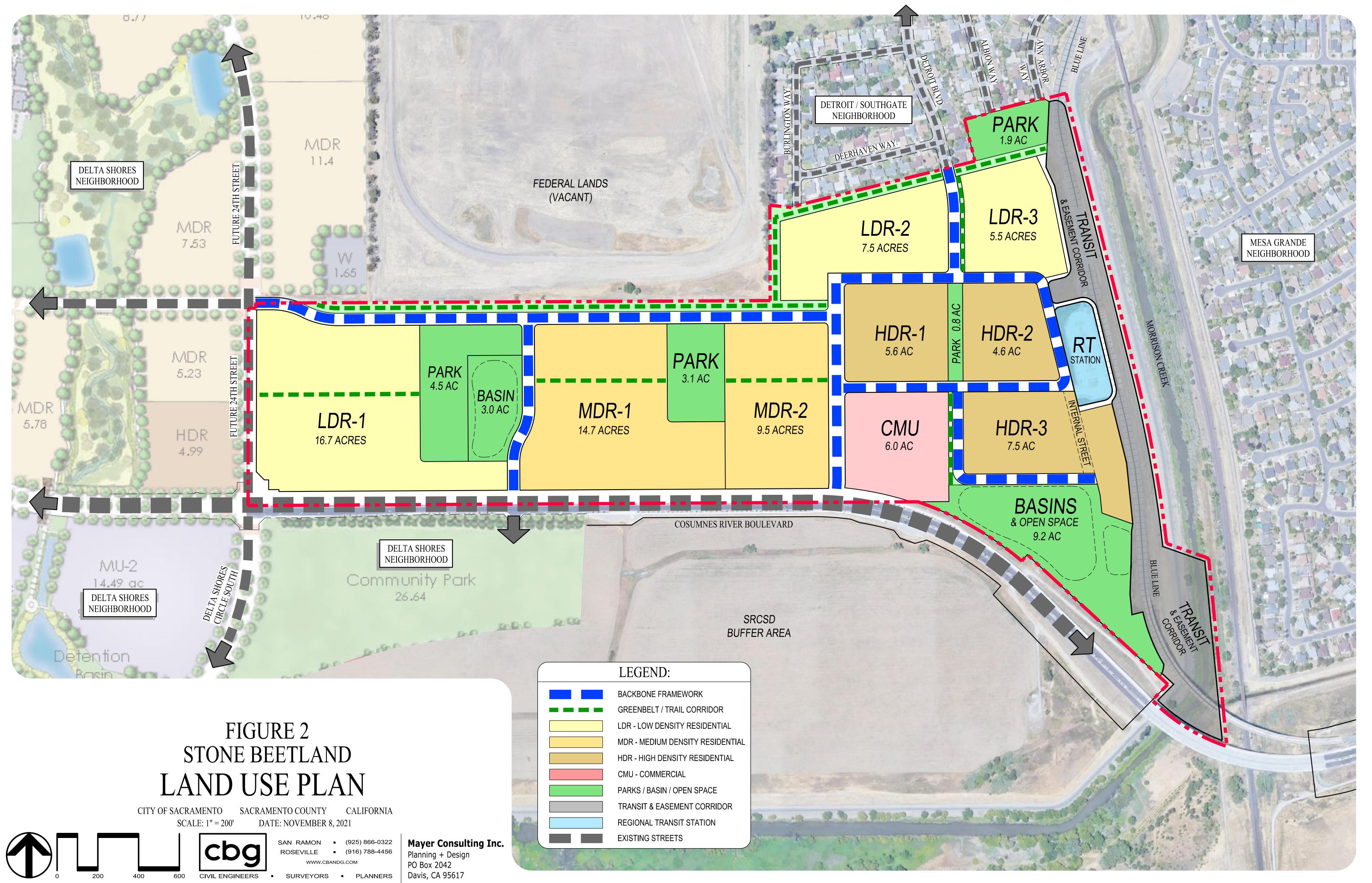
 Table 4 – Summary of Modeled Hydraulic Gradeline Values

#### **VIII. CONCLUSION**

Hydrologic and hydraulic modeling to update previously approved drainage master planning shows that the Stone Beetland Project can provide adequate stormwater quality treatment, peak flow controls, and conveyance infrastructure that would allow a mix of higher density land uses without adverse impact to the existing regional storm drain system. In fact, with allocation of an appropriate land area (just over 4 acres total) the proposed East Basin will provide full remedial water quality treatment for the existing Detroit Avenue subdivision.

## FIGURES





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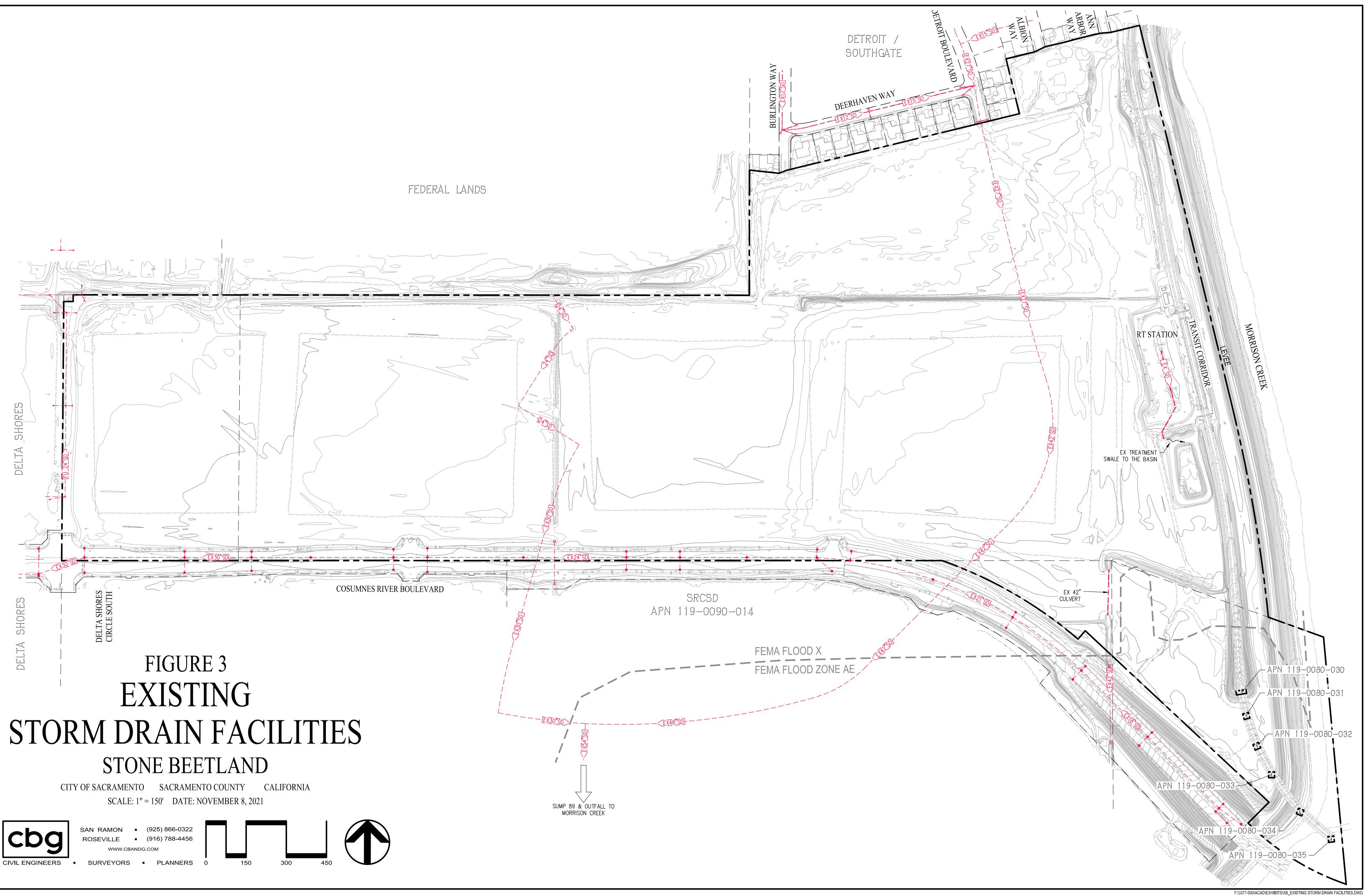
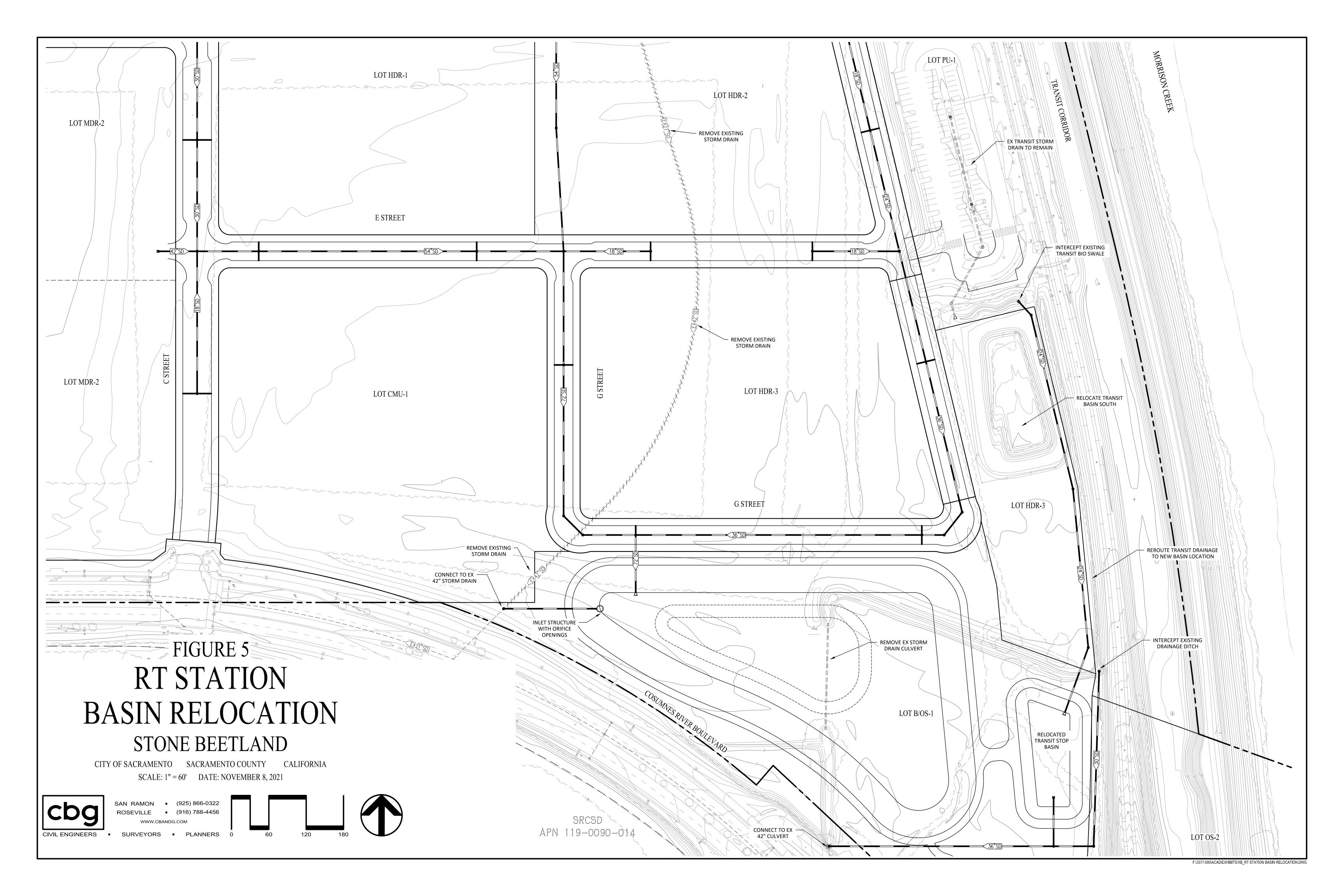


FIGURE 4





## APPENDICES

### APPENDIX A MODEL OUTPUT

	Node Elevations						
Node Name	Invert (feet)	Ground (feet)	Watershed Area (acres)	Inflow (cfs)	Maximum WSE (feet)	Overflow Duration (sec)	
LR-B	-0.02	8.50	9.3	24.4	6.41	0	
RegSan	-3.00	8.00	151.0	126.0	5.12	0	
RS-10		8.00 6.00	0.0	0.0	5.12	0	
RS-20	-0.15	6.00	0.0	0.0	5.13	0	
RS-30	0.15 0.35		0.0	0.0	5.13	0	
		6.00					
RS-40	0.49	6.00	19.8	15.4	5.13	0	
SE-10	-5.78	10.00	0.0	0.0	5.08	0	
SE-14	-2.00	9.00	0.0	0.0	5.12	0	
SE-18	-0.02	9.00	0.0	0.0	5.14	0	
SE-20	-5.31	10.00	0.0	0.0	5.18	0	
SE-30	-6.48	10.00	0.0	0.0	5.71	0	
SE-40	-5.81	10.50	0.0	0.0	5.73	0	
SE-50	-4.70	10.50	25.4	74.8	5.95	0	
SE-54	-2.68	11.00	22.1	61.1	8.06	0	
SE-60	-2.57	11.00	13.0	38.0	9.12	0	
SE-70	-0.90	11.00	15.7	43.0	11.10	1	
SE-B	-8.00	10.00	0.0	0.0	5.68	0	
SW-10	-5.21	10.50	0.0	0.0	6.19	0	
SW-14	-4.36	10.50	0.0	0.0	7.58	0	
SW-18	-3.55	10.50	0.0	0.0	9.36	0	
SW-20	-5.07	10.50	0.0	0.0	6.19	0	
SW-30	-3.00	10.50	0.0	0.0	6.21	0	
SW-40	-2.15	10.50	0.0	0.0	6.21	0	
SW-50	-0.62	11.00	32.6	70.0	9.92	0	
SW-B	-8.00	10.00	0.0	0.0	6.21	0	
X1	-13.08	4.00	0.0	0.0	0.89	0	
X2-JctBox	-12.69	4.00	0.0	0.0	1.25	0	
xPS	-14.00	4.00	0.0	0.0	0.67	0	
Y10	-6.22	7.50	0.0	0.0	4.75	0	
Y14	-1.14	11.58	10.6	26.1	8.90	0	
Y15	-0.42	12.18	5.1	12.5	12.20	1	
Y16	2.83	11.18	18.2	39.6	13.36	317	
Y17	1.68	13.28	7.6	18.5	14.09	60	
Y2	-10.29	4.00	0.0	0.0	1.88	0	
Y3	-10.17	4.00	0.0	0.0	1.99	0	
Y4	-9.75	4.00	0.0	0.0	2.34	0	
Y5	-9.42	4.00	0.0	0.0	2.63	0	
Y6	-9.07	4.00	0.0	0.0	2.03	0	
Y7	-9.07 -8.61	4.00	0.0	0.0	3.31	0	
Y8	-8.01	4.00 6.00	0.0	0.0	3.75	0	
Y9	-8.09 -6.99	6.00	0.0	0.0	4.21	0	
Z1	-5.89	5.00	0.0	0.0	4.41	0	
Z2	-5.56	10.50	0.0	0.0	5.61	0	
Z6-USGov	-3.04	11.00	150.0	125.3	10.62	0	

Table 1. Hydraulic Model Output for Pertinent System Nodes, Stone Beetland Project

#### Table 2. Hydraulic Model Output for Pertinent System Links, Stone Beetland Project

							Invert Elevation		Maximum Water Surface			
	Boundi	ing Nodes	Diameter	Length			Upstream	Downstream	Upstream	Downstream	Maximum Flow	Maximum Velocity
Link Name	Upstream	Downstream	(feet)	(feet)	Roughness	Shape	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(cfs)	(ft/sec)
LR-B-Out	LR-B	SE-18							6.41	5.14	1.0	10.79
LFDrain	RegSan	Y2	2.0	400	0.015	Circular	-3.00	-5.00	5.12	1.88	22.9	7.21
RS-10 Overflow	RS-10	RegSan	2.0	400	0.015	circula	5.00	5.00	5.12	1.00	14.1	0.00
RS-20-C	RS-20	RS-10	n.a.	297	0.070	Natural	0.15	-0.15	5.13	5.13	15.0	0.32
RS-30-P	RS-30	RS-20	3.5	285	0.015	Circular	0.35	0.15	5.13	5.13	15.5	1.74
RS-40-C	RS-40	RS-30	n.a	142	0.070	Natural	0.49	0.35	5.13	5.13	14.6	0.62
SB-10-P	SE-10	Y10	3.5	295	0.015	Circular	-5.78	-6.22	5.08	4.75	29.4	3.63
SE-14-P	SE-14	SE-10	3.0	656	0.015	Circular	-2.00	-5.28	5.12	5.08	-7.0	1.64
SE-18-P	SE-18	SE-14	3.0	264	0.015	Circular	-0.02	-2.00	5.12	5.12	-1.9	2.57
SE-20-P	SE-20	SE-10	3.5	93	0.015	Circular	-5.31	-5.78	5.14	5.08	28.8	4.12
EB-In	SE-30	SE-B	5.5	55	0.015	circula	5.51	5.70	5.10	5.00	287.8	0.00
SE-40-P	SE-40	SE-30	6.0	216	0.015	Circular	-5.81	-6.48	5.73	5.71	288.5	10.18
SE-50-P	SE-50	SE-40	6.0	359	0.015	Circular	-4.70	-5.81	6.09	5.73	287.9	10.15
SE-54-P	SE-54	SE-50	5.0	651	0.015	Circular	-2.68	-4.70	8.14	6.09	121.9	6.18
SE-60-P	SE-60	SE-50	5.0	851	0.015	Circular	-2.57	-4.70	9.44	6.09	97.0	4.92
SE-70-P	SE-70	SE-60	4.0	668	0.015	Circular	-0.90	-2.57	11.10	9.44	68.4	5.38
EB-Out	SE-70	SE-20	Basin Oulet O		0.015	Circulai	-0.50	-2.57	5.68	5.18	6.9	12.48
EB-Out	SE-B	SE-20	Basin Outlet V						5.68	5.18	25.6	5.54
SW-10-P	SW-10	Z2	2.5	231	0.015	Circular	-5.21	-5.56	6.19	5.61	18.9	3.77
SW-10-P	SW-10 SW-14	SW-10	2.5	483	0.015	Circular	-4.36	-5.21	7.58	6.19	26.4	5.30
SW-14-P	SW-14 SW-18	SW-10 SW-14	2.5	455	0.015	Circular	-3.55	-4.36	9.36	7.58	26.4	5.28
SW-20-P	SW-18 SW-20	SW-14 SW-10	2.5	95	0.015	Circular	-5.07	-5.21	6.19	6.19	17.2	3.50
WB-In	SW-20 SW-30	SW-10	2.5	33	0.015	Circular	-5.07	-3.21	0.19	0.19	70.5	0.00
SW-40-P	SW-30	SW-30	3.5	341	0.015	Circular	-2.15	-3.00	6.21	6.21	70.5	7.29
SW-50-P	SW-40 SW-50	SW-40	3.5	609	0.015	Circular	-0.62	-2.15	9.93	6.21	70.3	7.23
WB-Out	SW-30	SW-20	Basin Oulet O		0.015	Circulai	-0.02	-2.15	6.21	6.19	3.2	8.42
WB-Out	SW-B	SW-20	Basin Outlet V						6.21	6.19	3.2 14.2	9.25
x1p	Х1	xPS	6.5	223	0.015	Circular	-13.08	-13.30	0.21	0.71	14.2	9.23 6.67
x2p	X2-JctBox	XF3 X1	6.5	387	0.015	Circular	-13.08	-13.08	1.26	0.95	130.7	6.02
y10p	Y10	Y9	3.5	500	0.015	Circular	-6.22	-6.99	4.75	4.21	29.4	3.36
у10р Ү-14-Р	Y10 Y14	SE-54	4.0	498	0.015	Circular	-0.22	-2.68	4.73 9.07	8.14	29.4 60.0	3.30 4.74
	Y14 Y15	Y14	2.3	498 305	0.015	Circular	-1.14 -0.42	-2.68	9.07	9.07	40.0	4.74 9.92
y15p	Y15 Y16	Y14 Y15	1.3	280	0.015	Circular	-0.42	-1.14 0.83	12.20	9.07 12.20	40.0	5.58
y16p	Y10 Y17	Y15	2.3	320	0.015	Circular	2.85 1.68	-0.42	13.30	12.20	29.0	7.13
y17p												
y2p	Y2 Y3	X2-JctBox Y2	4.5	494 156	0.015 0.015	Circular	-10.29	-10.69	1.88	1.26	65.0 57.0	4.97
уЗр	¥3 Y4		4.5	530		Circular	-10.17	-10.29	1.99	1.88		4.15
y4p		Y3	4.5		0.015	Circular	-9.75	-10.17	2.35	1.99	55.3	3.87
y5p	Y5	Y4	4.5	415	0.015	Circular	-9.42	-9.75	2.64	2.35	53.4	3.60
убр	Y6	Y5	4.5	415	0.015	Circular	-9.07	-9.42	2.92	2.64	51.8	3.45
y7p	Y7	Y6	4.5	571	0.015	Circular	-8.61	-9.07	3.31	2.92	49.9	3.29
y8p	Y8	Y7	4.5	648	0.015	Circular	-8.09	-8.61	3.76	3.31	46.3	3.13
y9p	Y9	Y8	4.0	854	0.015	Circular	-6.99	-7.59	4.21	3.76	29.4	2.92
z1p	Z1	Y8	2.5	329	0.015	Circular	-5.89	-6.06	4.41	3.76	18.9	4.34
z2p	Z2	Z1	2.5	525	0.015	Circular	-5.56	-5.89	5.61	4.41	18.9	3.78
Z-6-P	Z6-USGov	SW-18	2.5	285	0.015	Circular	-3.04	-3.55	10.62	9.36	26.4	5.27